4. Sh. J.M. Quereshi
5. Sh. Hamidullah Khan
6. Sh. Ashok Jaitley
7. Sh. R.C. Jain
8. Lt. Gen. M.A. Zaki
9. Lt. Gen. D.D. Saklani
10. Sh. R.K. Saiyed
11. Sh. S.M. Murshed
12. Sh. A.M.D. Moses
13. Sh. B.K. Goswami

Lt. Gen.(Retd.) D.D Saklani, Shri R.K. Saiyed, Shri A.M.D. Moses and Shri B.K. Goswami continue to be Advisors to the Goyernor while others have ceased to be Advisors due to administrative exigencies/personal

यूरेनियम के भण्डार

1761. **श्री चिमनभाई हरिभाई शुक्ल:** क्या **प्रधान मंत्री** यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) उन राज्यों के नाम क्या हैं जहां वैज्ञानिकों ने हाल ही में यूरेनियम के भण्डारों का पता लगाया है और किन-किन स्थानों में खनन कार्य आरम्भ किया जा चुका है;

(ख) इन भण्डारों से अब तक कितनी मात्रा में यूरेनियम का खनन किया गया है;

(ग) क्या सरकार आधुनिकतम तकनीकों और उपकरणों की सहायता से यूरेनियम के भण्डारों का पता लगाने का विचार रखती है; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है?

प्रधान मंत्री के कार्यालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री भुवनेश चतुर्वेदी): (क) और (ख) हाल ही में मेघालय (पश्चिमी खासी हिल्स जिला), आन्ध्र प्रदेश) कुडप्पा और नालगोंडा जिलों), मध्य प्रदेश (राजनन्द गांव और सरगुजा जिलों) राजस्थान(पुथोली-चित्तौड़गढ़ जिलों) और गुजरात (गारूगल, पंचमहाल जिलों) में यूरेनियम निक्षेपों का पता लगाया गया है। इनमें से किसी एक भी निक्षेप का वाणिज्यिक स्तर पर खनन करने का काम शुरु नहीं किया गया है।

(ग) और (घ) जी हां। परमाणु खनिज प्रभाग उपग्रह से प्राप्त आंकड़ों को काम में लाकर और आकाश से लिए गह फोटोग्राफों का अध्ययन करके सुदूर संवेदन, वायुवाहिल गामा-किरण और चुम्बकीय सर्वेक्षण तथा स्थलीय भूभौतिकी और भूरसायनिक सर्वेक्षण जैसी आधुनिक तकनीकों के इस्तेमाल द्वारा अन्वेषण कार्य करता है। इनके बाद स्थलीय भूवैज्ञानिक अध्ययन, नमूनों का विश्लेषण तथा अन्वेषणात्मक भूवेधन और खनन कार्य किए जाते हैं ताकि इन निक्षेपों की आर्थिक व्यवहार्यता का पता लगाया जा सके।

Visit of Indian Trade Team to Canada

1762. SHRI GOVINDRAO ADIK: Will the Ministry of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether a Governmental business delegation visited Canada in June, 1995 to promote trade ties between India and Canada and also to identify areas for further Governmental cooperation; and

(b) if so, the composition of the delegation and the outcome of its visit?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) and (b) Yes Sir. An Official delegation led by Secretary, Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion and comprising of representatives from the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Food Processing Industries and the Department of Chemicals & Petrochemicals visited Canada from June 5, 1995 to June 9, 1995. To make the visit more result oriented, the meeting of the Indo-Canada Joint Business Council was scheduled during the same period. Hence, a 17 members Business delegation led by Shri Babu L. Lakshman, Chairman, India Section, India-Canada JBC, also visited Canada during that period.

The visit of the Indian delegation enhanced awareness in Canada about the liberalised environment in India and increased the possibilities of industrial tie

ups in several important investment areas. The Canadian side showed interest in investing in India in informatics, biochemistry, environmental areas, products/services like paper recycling, waste paper and solid waste treatment etc. The Indian Business delegation held several one-to-one meetings with the representatives of the Canadian industry and as a result of this, joint venture agreements in several areas, are expected to fructify. The Canadian side also agreed to the suggestion by the Indian side that Canada should participate in the INTECHMART being organised in February, 1996.

Power Generation through Wind Mills

1763. SHRI ANANTRAY DEVSHANKER DAVE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that 1 megawatt generation of electricity requires around Rs. 1 crore capital in 1 megawatt wind mill;

(b) whether it is a fact that approximately more than three lakh units are produced by 1 megawatt wind mill in a year;

(c) what is the average generation of electricity for 1 megawatt wind mill in Gujarat and Tamil Nadu alongwith the cost of production;

(d) whether entrepreneurs without having industrial or trading infrastructure are at disadvantage in generating electricity in wind mill; if so, the details in this regard; and

(e) if not, what are the incentives offered?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR): (a) The capital investment for wind power project is between Rs.3.50-4.00 crores per MW.

(b) and (c) The generation of electricity from wind power depends upon the wind speed, availability of grid, availability of machnies, etc. at specific sites. The average annual generation from wind power ranges from 12 lakhs to 25 lakhs units per MW depending upon the site. The average annual generation in Gujarat and Tamil Nadu has been found to be more than 12 lakhs and 15 lakhs units per MW respectively.

(d) and (e) Entrepreneurs without having industrial or trading infrastructure are unable to avail promotional incentives of 100% accelerated depreciation and sales tax incentives, if any, given by the State Governments.

Developments in Computer Software Market

1764. SHRI JAGIR SINGH DARD: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) in what way the Computer Software market is developing in the country;

(b) how does it compare with the developments in international computer software market;

(c) how much software is imported in our country and from where; and

(d) what is being done to boost this market?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS, MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF ELECTRONICS AND OCEAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) and (b) The cumulative annual growth rate (CAGR) of Software industry in India has been 38.6% in the last seven years. Currently, the Industry is worth Rs.